

I'm not a robot



A safe and healthy working environment is a fundamental principle and right at work. Thus, all Members have an obligation arising from the very fact of membership in the ILO to respect, to promote and to realize, in good faith and in accordance with the ILO Constitution, the principles concerning this fundamental principle and right. Despite this important decision and the significant progress in occupational safety and health (OSH), work-related accidents and diseases still occur too frequently, with devastating impacts on workers, enterprises and entire communities and economies. GENEVA (ILO News) A new report from the International Labour Organization (ILO) explores how artificial intelligence (AI), digitalization, robotics and automation are reshaping occupational safety and health (OSH) in workplaces worldwide. The report, titled Revolutionizing Health and Safety: The Role of AI and Digitalization at Work, highlights how these emerging technologies are improving worker health and well-being while underscoring the need for proactive policies to address new risks. By taking on hazardous tasks, assisting in surgeries, and optimizing logistics, robots help reduce risks and improve efficiency. AI-powered systems enhance safety and health monitoring, and streamline tasks and operations, easing workloads and driving innovation even in traditionally low-tech sectors. However, the report stresses the need for proactive policies to ensure these technologies are implemented safely and equitably. Digitalization offers immense opportunities to enhance workplace safety. Robots can replace workers in hazardous 3D jobs, which can be dirty, dangerous, and demeaning. Automation can reduce repetitive tasks, such as in factory production lines or in administrative work, allowing workers to take on more challenging tasks, said Manal Azzi, Team Lead on OSH Policy at the ILO. But for us to fully benefit from these technologies, we must ensure they are implemented without incurring new risks. Technology's impact on safety and health The report highlights that advanced robotics and automation, the use of virtual and extended reality, as well as new tools such as smart wearable devices that provide real-time risk detection or environmental sensors that track air quality, are transforming safety and health by preventing accidents and reducing hazardous exposures. Furthermore, digitalization is leading to the rise of hybrid and remote work arrangements that are creating flexibility and improving mental health. However, these advancements may also bring in new risks. While robots effectively take on hazardous tasks, workers who maintain, repair, or collaborate with these machines may face new dangers. Unpredictable robotic behaviours, system failures, or cyber threats can compromise safety. Ergonomic risks may arise from human-robot interaction, as well as from the use of wearables and exoskeletons that lack proper fit, usability, or comfort.

Safety 1st grow and go car seat base installation. Safety 1st car seat installation rear facing base. Safety 1st car seat installation front facing. Safety first baby car seat installation. Safety 1st onboard 35 adjustable infant car seat base installation. Safety 1st car seat installation rear facing. Safety first car seat base installation. Safety 1st infant car seat base installation. Safety 1 car seat installation. Safety 1st car seat installation. Safety first infant car seat base installation.